

Az MTA Társadalomtudományi Kutatóközpont Szociológiai Intézete
tisztelettel meghívja huszonnyolcadik *Jour fixe* rendezvényére:

Tóth András:

The rise of nationalist revolutionary right and its relationship to the
breakdown of globalization and the rise of economic nationalism

Akadémiai szimpózium

A circular logo with the text "Jour fixe" in a serif font, set against a light blue background.

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Absztrakt:

Following the credit crunch, we could witness again the rise of radical right wing Jobbik in Hungary and the mass support of radicalized FIDESZ with a revolutionary program, and the revival of political participation to support radicalized right wing parties.

Probably one of the most intensively researched and analysed issues is what is the cause of the rise and apparent popularity of radical or radicalized right wing nationalist parties in certain historical junctions.

Mainstream literature mainly ponders on political, cultural, organizational and psychological issues seeking to an explanation for their success. While relationship to capitalism is widely discussed, economic nationalism is a fairly neglected theme.

The paper aims to understand the success of these parties from the viewpoint of economic nationalism. It plans to shed light on causal linkages between economic nationalism and reasons of popularity, which may bring to power a radicalised right wing party. The paper will also show how the ideology of economic nationalism is shaping the governing practices towards switching out veto points and establishing an illiberal governing practice led by a charismatic leader.

The main goal of the article is to highlight the importance of one version of economic nationalism as underlying ideology, and probably one of the most important factors in explaining their attractiveness for these parties and their ability to attract masses of followers and involve new layers of society into politics.

The paper proceeds as follows. First it describes the birth and development of different forms of economic nationalism. Secondly, it analyses how a peculiar form of economic nationalism interconnects with nationalist revolutionary right wing movements. Thirdly, it explains the causes of mass participation in these movements.

Kulcsszavak: Fascism, populism, economic nationalism

A szimpózium nyelve a magyar.

Helyszíne: MTA Társadalomtudományi Kutatóközpont Szociológiai Intézet, Hegedüs terem

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